ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A method for building an environment-affinitive pigpen and a pigpen structure is provided. A structure of a pig house in a pigpen is divided into an evacuation room, a lodging room, and a feed bucket. Urine excreted in the evacuation room is moved into a container for urine located out of the pigpen, and remaining excrements are separately collected from the urine, to thereby prevent pollution of the pig house and prevent offensive odor and the propagation of various bacteria and vermin, and to thus constitute comfortable and sanitary breeding circumstances. A power cable is installed on a partitioning pipe in the pig house, horizontally with respect to the pipe, to thereby build the height of the pig house at a low position, and to thus widen a field of vision in the pigpen. Also, the partitioning pipe can be installed horizontally to thereby make a convenient workability and save a cost for building a pigpen, and provide sanitary and comfortable breeding circumstances. A method of building a pigpen for breeding pigs having pig houses which are successively provided in the lengthy direction of the pigpen is provided. Each pig house is partitioned and divided into an evacuation room, a lodging room, and a feed bucket. An evacuation room gate which can be opened and closed on a partitioning frame installed between the respective pig houses is installed between the evacuation room and the lodging room. Thus, if the evacuation

room gate is made opened toward the lodging room, the evacuation room in the pig house which is successively installed is converted into a path to collect the excretion in a lump. Urine excreted in the evacuation room naturally flows out through a urinal tube and moves to a container for urine, to thus separately collect the excretion and the urine automatically.